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Proposed Regulation Agency Background Document

Agency name	The Library of Virginia
Virginia Administrative Code (VAC) citations	17 VAC 15-61, 17 VAC 15-60, 17 VAC 15-70, and 17 VAC 15-80
Regulation titles	Standards for Permanent Instruments Recorded by Hard Copy
	Standards for Plats
	Standards for Recorded Instruments
	Paper Used in Permanent Court Records
Action title	Regulatory Reform: Legible and Reproducible Documents Acceptable for Permanent Recordation
Date this document prepared	

This information is required for executive branch review and the Virginia Registrar of Regulations, pursuant to the Virginia Administrative Process Act (APA), Executive Orders 14 (2010) and 58 (1999), and the Virginia Register Form, Style, and Procedure Manual.

Brief summary

In a short paragraph, please summarize all substantive provisions of new regulations or changes to existing regulations that are being proposed in this regulatory action.

The Library of Virginia is promulgating a new regulation (17 VAC 15-61) that will combine the standards currently spread out over three regulations (17 VAC 15-60, 17 VAC 15-70, and 17 VAC 15-80). This action will simplify and better organize the essential parts of the current regulations, as well as omit obsolete sections.

Legal basis

Please identify the state and/or federal legal authority to promulgate this proposed regulation, including (1) the most relevant citations to the Code of Virginia or General Assembly chapter number(s), if applicable and (2) promulgating entity, i.e., agency, board, or person. Your citation should include a specific provision authorizing the promulgating entity to regulate this specific subject or program, as well as a reference to the agency/board/person's overall regulatory authority.

Under Code of Virginia (42.1-82), one of the duties and powers of the Library Board is to "issue regulations designed to facilitate the creation, preservation, storage, filing, reformatting, management, and destruction of public records by all agencies." Per the Virginia Public Records Act, an agency is defined as: "all boards, commissions, departments, divisions, institutions, authorities, or parts thereof, of the Commonwealth or its political subdivisions and includes the offices of constitutional officers."

Purpose

Please explain the need for the new or amended regulation by (1) detailing the specific reasons why this regulatory action is essential to protect the health, safety, or welfare of citizens, and (2) discussing the goals of the proposal, the environmental benefits, and the problems the proposal is intended to solve.

This regulation provides a standard to which each circuit court clerk or designee can compare the medium, inscription, and format of paper instruments presented for recording and filing, when such instruments will become permanent records. Without regulation of this subject matter, instruments submitted to record may be of such quality that reformatting them to the copy of record, via electronic image or microfilm, for the purpose of producing copies indefinitely, can be significantly hindered. Records with an inferior ability to be read or copied leave the rights of citizens and property holders in jeopardy. The promulgating of this new regulation (streamlined from the three regulations which will be repealed in this action), consistently applied by all clerks, will provide the means by which all who submit and all who examine instruments for recordation can understand and apply the requirements accurately and uniformly.

Substance

Please briefly identify and explain new substantive provisions (for new regulations), substantive changes to existing sections or both where appropriate. (More detail about all provisions or changes is requested in the "Detail of changes" section.)

The Library will repeal 17VAC15-60-10 et seq. Standards for Plats, 17VAC-70-10 et seq. Standards for Recorded Instruments, and 17VAC-80-10 et seq., Paper Used in Permanent Court Records, and promulgate the proposed regulation (17 VAC 15-61), omit the obsolete sections, and combine the essential parts of the previous regulations into a simplified and better organized regulation.

Issues

Please identify the issues associated with the proposed regulatory action, including:

1) the primary advantages and disadvantages to the public, such as individual private citizens or businesses, of implementing the new or amended provisions:

2) the primary advantages and disadvantages to the agency or the Commonwealth; and

3) other pertinent matters of interest to the regulated community, government officials, and the public.

If the regulatory action poses no disadvantages to the public or the Commonwealth, please indicate.

The primary advantage to the circuit court clerks is a clearer, more effectively-applied standard that they will be able to present to record submitters when the instrument submitted does not meet the standards. The proposed regulation will be more easily understood and applied by the parties submitting instruments for recordation. This provides an overall advantage to the public in that all instruments submitted for

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permanent recordation, which meet the standards in the proposed regulation, will be legible and reproducible whenever the record is accessed or duplicated. There are no disadvantages to the public or the Commonwealth as a result of this regulatory action.

Requirements more restrictive than federal

Please identify and describe any requirements of the proposal, which are more restrictive than applicable federal requirements. Include a rationale for the more restrictive requirements. If there are no applicable federal requirements or no requirements that exceed applicable federal requirements, include a statement to that effect.

There are no applicable federal requirements.

Localities particularly affected

Please identify any locality particularly affected by the proposed regulation. Locality particularly affected means any locality which bears any identified disproportionate material impact which would not be experienced by other localities.

The proposed regulation will affect all localities in the commonwealth.

Public participation

Please include a statement that in addition to any other comments on the proposal, the agency is seeking comments on the costs and benefits of the proposal and the impacts of the regulated community.

In addition to any other comments, the board/agency is seeking comments on the costs and benefits of the proposal and the potential impacts of this regulatory proposal. Also, the agency/board is seeking information on impacts on small businesses as defined in § 2.2-4007.1 of the Code of Virginia. Information may include 1) projected reporting, recordkeeping and other administrative costs, 2) probable effect of the regulation on affected small businesses, and 3) description of less intrusive or costly alternative methods of achieving the purpose of the regulation.

Anyone wishing to submit written comments may do so via the Regulatory Town Hall website (<u>http://www.townhall.virginia.gov</u>), or by mail, email or fax to

Glenn Smith Library of Virginia 800 E Broad St. Richmond, VA 23219 (804) 692-3604 (0) (804) 692-3603 (f) glenn.smith@lva.virginia.gov

Written comments must include the name and address of the commenter. In order to be considered, comments must be received by midnight on the last date of the public comment period.

Economic impact

Please identify the anticipated economic impact of the proposed new regulations or amendments to the existing regulation. When describing a particular economic impact, please specify which new requirement or change in requirement creates the anticipated economic impact. Please keep in mind that we are looking at the impact of the proposed changes to the status quo.

Description of the individuals, businesses or other entities likely to be affected (positively or negatively) by this regulatory proposal. Think broadly, e.g., these entities may or may not be regulated by this board	Circuit Court Clerks and staff, property owners, land surveyors, land title companies, real estate attorneys
Agency's best estimate of the number of (1) entities that will be affected, including (2) small businesses affected. Small business means a business, including affiliates, that is independently owned and operated, employs fewer than 500 full- time employees, or has gross annual sales of less than \$6 million.	1,000/year
Benefits expected as a result of this regulatory proposal.	Instruments submitted to record in a circuit Court clerk's office that meet the standards to be set forth in this regulation will be of such quality that reformatting them to the copy of record, via electronic image or microfilm, for the purpose of producing copies indefinitely, can be achieved consistently.
Projected cost to the <u>state</u> to implement and enforce this regulatory proposal.	None
Projected cost to <u>localities</u> to implement and enforce this regulatory proposal.	None
All projected costs of this regulatory proposal for <u>affected individuals, businesses, or other</u> <u>entities</u> . Please be specific and include all costs, including projected reporting, recordkeeping, and other administrative costs required for compliance by small businesses, and costs related to real estate development.	Minimal. The time that it takes to ensure that the medium, inscription, and format of paper instruments that will be submitted for recordation or filing meet the standard.

Alternatives

Please describe any viable alternatives to the proposal considered and the rationale used by the agency to select the least burdensome or intrusive alternative that meets the essential purpose of the action. Also, include discussion of less intrusive or less costly alternatives for small businesses, as defined in *§*2.2-4007.1 of the Code of Virginia, of achieving the purpose of the regulation.

The only alternatives are to maintain the current complex standards, or to have no standards for recorded instruments at all, resulting in legal documents that will not be legible or effectively copied.

Regulatory flexibility analysis

Pursuant to §2.2-4007.1B of the Code of Virginia, please describe the agency's analysis of alternative regulatory methods, consistent with health, safety, environmental, and economic welfare, that will accomplish the objectives of applicable law while minimizing the adverse impact on small business. Alternative regulatory methods include, at a minimum: 1) the establishment of less stringent compliance or reporting requirements; 2) the establishment of less stringent schedules or deadlines for compliance or reporting requirements; 3) the consolidation or simplification of compliance or reporting requirements; 4) the establishment of performance standards for small businesses to replace design or operational standards required in the proposed regulation; and 5) the exemption of small businesses from all or any part of the requirements contained in the proposed regulation.

The proposed combined regulation will be beneficial to small businesses as it is more concise, clear, and easily understood than the previous three standards. There are no reporting requirements or deadlines. It is up to the circuit court clerk to apply the standards to the submitted instrument. Any exemption in the adherence to the standard can result in inferior quality instruments submitted for recordation.

Public comment

Please summarize all comments received during the public comment period following the publication of the NOIRA, and provide the agency response.

There were no public comments.

Family impact

Please assess the impact of the proposed regulatory action on the institution of the family and family stability including to what extent the regulatory action will: 1) strengthen or erode the authority and rights of parents in the education, nurturing, and supervision of their children; 2) encourage or discourage economic self-sufficiency, self-pride, and the assumption of responsibility for oneself, one's spouse, and one's children and/or elderly parents; 3) strengthen or erode the marital commitment; and 4) increase or decrease disposable family income.

This regulation will protect property owners by significantly helping to ensure that the legal documents that identify and describe their property, the transference of their property, the title to their property, and the mortgage of their property, as well as all other accompanying documents submitted for recordation are legible and reproducible. By so doing, families are protected from distress over possible property fraud and further cost to legally prove ownership of their property or transference of previously held property.

Detail of changes

carbon copies are rarely, if ever,

Please list all changes that are being proposed and the consequences of the proposed changes. If the proposed regulation is a new chapter, describe the intent of the language and the expected impact. Please describe the difference between existing regulation(s) and/or agency practice(s) and what is being proposed in this regulatory action.

If the proposed regulation is intended to replace an <u>emergency regulation</u>, please list separately (1) all differences between the pre-emergency regulation and this proposed regulation, and (2) only changes made since the publication of the emergency regulation.

Current section number	Proposed new section number, if applicable	Current requirement	Proposed change, intent, rationale, and likely impact of proposed requirements
17VAC15-60 STANDARDS FOR PLATS 17VAC15-70 STANDARDS FOR RECORDED INSTRUMENTS 17VAC15-80 STANDARDS FOR PAPER FOR PERMANENT CIRCUIT COURT RECORDS	17VAC15-61 STANDARDS FOR PERMANENT INSTRUMENTS RECORDED BY HARD COPY	The standards from three separate regulations that are applied by a circuit court clerk to plats and other permanently retained instruments recorded in his office, as well to the paper upon which they are inscribed, in order to help ensure the permanent viability of those records, and the effectual, indefinite copying of those records.	The changes proposed will combine the three regulations into one, which will eliminate redundancy found in the Plats and the Recorded Instruments standards, allow the quality standards of all three current regulations to be more easily understood and effectively applied, and provide just one source to which clerks will need to refer when applying the recordation standards for all hard-copy instruments.
17VAC15-60-10 17VAC15-70-10 17VAC15-80-10 Statement of applicability	17VAC15-61-10 Statement of applicability	Each current regulation stipulates the unique instrument or medium to which its standards apply.	The proposed statement will address both instrument types and the paper medium, providing only one needed source for quality standards.
17VAC15-70-20 Recording medium (recorded instruments)	17VAC15-61-20- A Permanent recording and filing medium (written instruments)	Requires that instruments be recorded on paper that is uniformly white, opaque, smooth in finish, unglazed, and free of visible watermarks and background logos; that	This proposed subdivision will retain the exact same requirements as the current section, adding only "carbon copies" as an unacceptable medium for permanent recordation. The qualities of a carbon copy would render the instrument non-permanent and non-reproducible over time. This should have very little impact as

For changes to existing regulation(s) or regulations that are being repealed and replaced, use this chart:

the size of the paper be

		hetween 8 1/2 v 11 and	created currently
		between 8 $\frac{1}{2}$ x 11 and 8 $\frac{1}{2}$ x 14 inches, and that the paper has a minimum weight of 20 pounds; and that negative (white on black background) and carbon copies not be accepted. This section allows that positive (black on white background) copies may be substituted provided the copies meet the paper and quality inscription standards noted in the section, and that the copies are "microfilmable" to the extent that they are capable of producing a legible image from the microfilm.	Created currently. While the removal of the "microfilmable" language is being proposed, if the document meets all of the standards set forth in this section, it shall contain all of the characteristics necessary for the reproduction of a clean, clear copy.
17VAC15-60-20 Recording medium (plats)	17VAC15-61-20- B and C Permanent recording and filing medium (plats and other drawings)	Requires that the paper size be between 8 ¹ / ₂ x 11 and 18 x 24 inches, (with the scale being appropriate to the size of the paper); that original plats be inscribed on either translucent or opaque paper, but also allows for mediums of polyester or linen; that the background quality for opaque paper be uniformly white, smooth in finish, unglazed, and free of visible watermarks or background logos; and that the original or a first generation unreduced black- or	The proposed section and subdivisions will require the same quality standards for the medium on which a plat is recorded as do the current standards, only each requirement shall be broken down into separate subdivisions for more accurate reference by the clerk. This provides for the continuation of the standards that the medium must meet in order to produce a permanent record that will render a legible copy. Subdivision C will introduce the quality standards for drawings that are not plats by definition, but that are recorded with a plat or other instrument to add reference to the land parcel being recorded. Placing the required medium standards on "other drawings" will help ensure their preservation and ability to be infinitely copied, as they become just as permanent of

blue-line copy of the original plat drawing, which meets the quality inscription standards set forth later in the section, and has the stamp and original signature of the preparer, be submitted for recordation.	a record as does the plat. While some "other drawings" may not be able to meet the standards, if the drawing doesn't stand the permanence test of time, there will be a reference to a document that doesn't exist, or is non- reproducible.
This section allows that a plat, prepared prior to 1986 that is being entered as reference, can be recorded if the current landowner's notarized signature appears on the plat, provided that any changes or alterations made to any original plat must be accompanied by the stamp and signature of the preparer who made the changes / alterations; and that any plats exempted from this chapter under the Code of Virginia can be recorded with the	The proposed subdivision will remove the language that allows for a plat prepared prior to 1986 to be recorded with just the current landowner's notarized signature, as there is no compelling reason to allow a "reference plat" for recording if the plat does not meet the proposed standards, nor to disallow it if it does, no matter the date of preparation. No surveyor (or anyone else) should modify a plat that has already been certified by the original surveyor. Each surveyor should certify only his own work. As there may be various code sections that allow VDOT, municipalities, power companies, etc to use their own engineers to prepare plats, if such plats are exempt from these regulations
notarized signature of the original preparer.	then these regulations can't very well require that those plats be signed by someone. The responsible person's name should be stated on the plat, but that policy, or requirement, should be covered elsewhere in regulations or code.

17VAC15-70-30. Inscription standards (recorded instruments)	17VAC15-61-30- A-1 Inscription quality (written instruments)	Requires that all inscriptions be black, solid, uniform, dense, sharp, and unglazed. Defines that inscriptions are solid when the lines forming each letter do not have blank or light spots, they are uniform when the entire letter is the same darkness, they are dense when each letter is dark, they are sharp when the demarcation between each letter and the background is be abrupt, and they are unglazed when they are non-reflective. Requires that signatures be in dark blue or black ink.	This proposed subdivision will retain the exact same requirements as the current section with the only added clarification being that all signatures "shall be original."
17VAC15-70-40 Inscription size (recorded instruments)	17VAC15-61-30- A-(2-5) Inscription quality (written instruments)	Requires that printing be nine point or larger. Typing shall be elite (12 characters per inch) or pica (10 characters per inch) or larger.	These proposed subdivisions will retain the same requirements as the current section, with the additional requirement for the font to be equivalent to a normal Arial or Courier. This addition will disallow the submission of document inscribed by a font that is difficult to read.
17VAC15-60-30. Inscription standards (plats)	17VAC15-61-30- B Inscription quality (plats)	Requires that the color of the original inscription be black or blue, and be solid, uniform, dense, sharp, and unglazed. Requires that signatures be in dark blue or black ink. Requires that lettering be no less than 1/10 inch or 2.54 mm in	This proposed subdivision retains the same inscriptions quality characteristic requirements as the current section, and it will add the description of each quality characteristic, just as the proposed respective subdivision for Recorded Instruments. The minimal lettering size will be reduced to .09 inch (2.29mm) due to modern printing capabilities.

guidelines.17VAC15-70-50.17VAC15-61-40-Requires that aThe proposed subdivision will require that the top margin be no	17VAC15-70-50.	17VAC15-61-40-	height, that lettering and line weight be no less than .013 inches or .3302 mm, and that letter and line spacing for control pencil drawings shall be no less than .050 inches and for ink drawings no less than .040 inches. Requires that the drawing substance be either wet ink or control pencil but not a combination thereof. Requires that good drafting practices be followed when eliminating ghost lines and when doing erasures, and that all shading and screening over written data are eliminated. Requires that inscriptions meet the standards established herein, and that Engineering Drawing and Related Documentation Practices - Line Conventions and Lettering (ANSI Y14.2M - 1987), Technical Drawing - Lettering - Part I: Currently Used Characters (ISO 309 8/1-1974) Technical Drawings - Sizes and Layout of Drawing Sheets ISO 5457 - 1980 be consulted as guidelines. Requires that a	
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Format (for recorded instruments)	A Format (for written instruments)	minimum of one inch margin be provided on the left, top, and bottom margins and one-half inch on the right margin.	smaller than 1 1/4 inch, and that the bottom, left, and right margins be no smaller than 3/4 inch, which will accommodate current printing practices and still leave adequate margins for reformatting purposes. The requirement that all written instruments be single sided will be added to parallel the same requirement for plats.
17VAC15-60-40. Format for copies (of plats)	17VAC15-61-40- B. Format (for plats)	Requires that margins shall be at least 1/4 inch on all sides; that inscriptions be made on only one side of the paper; that all drawings shall have centering marks on each side, adjacent and outside the margins; that match lines or grid tics delineating 8 1/2 x 11 inch sections be inscribed on all plats larger than 8 1/2 x 11 inches, so as to create the least number of grid blocks possible and be located adjacent and inside the margins; and that continuation sheets of multi-sheet drawings be the same size as the first sheet.	The proposed subdivision will maintain the requirements for 1/4 inch margins, that all inscriptions be made on only one side of the plat, and that all pages of a multi- sheet plat be the same size.
17VAC15-70-60 Recording standards (recorded instruments) 17VAC15-60-50. Recording standards (plats)	17VAC15-61-50. Clerk's recording inscription	Requires that the recordation inscriptions be by clerk's printed certificate, stamping, typing, or handwriting, and that they conform to the quality inscription standards noted in this section.	The proposed subdivision will maintain the same requirements.

17VAC15-70-70. Exclusions (recorded instruments)	17VAC15-61-60. Exclusions	Requires that the standards not apply to wills, nonpermanent disposable forms, such as Uniform Commercial Code forms, and Juvenile and Domestic Relations District Court and General District Court judgments and warrants. Original documents executed prior to July 1, 1986 shall be admitted to record. Where a plat is submitted as part of an instrument, the standards for plats shall apply.	The proposed subdivision will retain the exclusion only for wills, as holographic wills are admissible for probate. All other documents submitted for permanent retention must meet the standards proposed in this section in order to ensure the highest quality reproducible copy possible.
17VAC15-60-60. Exclusion (plats)	No replacement subdivision	Allows for a first generation copy of an original plat drawing dated prior to July 1, 1986, to be admitted to record subject to the requirements of 17VAC15-60-20.	If the copy of a plat created at any time does not meet the standards set forth in this subdivision, rendering it potentially un- reproducible over the permanent life of the record, then the title to or boundaries of real property may become questionable.
17VAC15-60-70. Note	No replacement subdivision	Requires that a plat submitted as part of an instrument be subject to the standards noted in this section.	All plats submitted for recordation are subject to these standards, whether recorded as part of another instrument or as a unique record.
The remaining subdivisions of the Standards for Permanent Paper:			
17VAC15-80-20. Referenced standards	No replacement subdivision	Provides that this standard is intended to be used in conjunction with the following: The American Society	This subdivision is not being replicated. There is little to no value in maintaining references for the basic standards set forth in the proposed section. As long as the basic standards are met, the copy

		for Testing and Materials D3290-81 "Standard Specifications for Bond and Ledger Papers for Permanent Records" and D3208- 81 "Standard Specifications for Manifold Papers for Permanent Records" and American National Standards Institute ANSI Z39.49- 1984 "Permanence of Paper for Printed Library Materials" and The Technical Association of the Pulp and Paper Industry T 509 om-83, "Hydrogen Ion Concentration (pH) of Paper Extracts - Cold Extraction Method." When these standards are superseded by a revision, approved by the promulgating organization, the revision shall apply.	of the permanent record should be reproducible.
17VAC15-80-30. Definitions	No replacement subdivision	Provided the definitions for "alkaline reserve," "ground wood," "pH," "permanence," and "uncoated."	These terms are not referenced in the proposed section, therefore definitions are not needed.
17VAC15-80-40. Minimum requirements	No replacement subdivision	Requires that uncoated paper meet minimum requirements in pH, alkaline reserve, paper stock, and paper weight.	The paper-making industry has vastly improved the quality of standard paper production since the 1991 version of this section. The determination was made that the burden of such stringent requirements are no longer necessary.